

women's health



the australian longitudinal study on women's health

Intimate partner violence, health and social support: Findings over the long term

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Design

	1973-78 cohort	1946-51 cohort	1921-26 cohort	Survey
1996	18-23	45-50 (N=13 716)	70-75	S1
1998		47-52 (N=12 338)		
1999			73-78	S2
2000	22-27			
2001		50-55 (N=11 200)		
2002			76-81	S3
2003	25-30			
2004		53-58 (N=10 905)		
2005			79-84	S4
2006	28-33			
2007		56-61 (10 638)		
2008			82-87	S5
2009	31-36			
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ALSWH results: 1946-51 cohort

- Surgical menopause, cervical cancer
- Inadequate Pap testing
- High levels of symptoms, chronic conditions
- Depression, anxiety
- High use of health services
- Poor physical and mental health
- Loxton D, Powers J, Schofield M, Hussain R, Hosking S. Inadequate cervical cancer screening among mid-aged Australian women who have experienced partner violence. *Preventive Medicine*, 2009, 48 (2), 184-188.
- Loxton D, Schofield M, Hussain R & Mishra G. History of domestic violence and physical health in mid-life. *Violence Against Women*, 2006; 12(8): 715-731.
- Loxton D, Schofield M & Hussain R. Psychological health in midlife among women who have ever lived with a violent partner or spouse. *Journal of Interpersonal Violence*, 2006; 21(8): 1092-1107.
- Loxton D, Schofield M & Hussain R. History of domestic violence and health service use among mid-aged Australian women Australian and New Zealand Journal of Public Health, 2004; 28(4): 383-388.



Research aims

- To examine the long-term health impact of IPV over an 11 year period
- To determine the changes in mental health over an 11 year period that are attributable to IPV
- To determine the effects of social support on the association between mental health and IPV





- 1946-51 cohort from 1996, 1998, 2001, 2004 and 2007
- Lived with a violent partner spouse
- Grouped:
 - Living with a violent partner at each survey
 - Time since last experienced IPV





Intimate partner violence

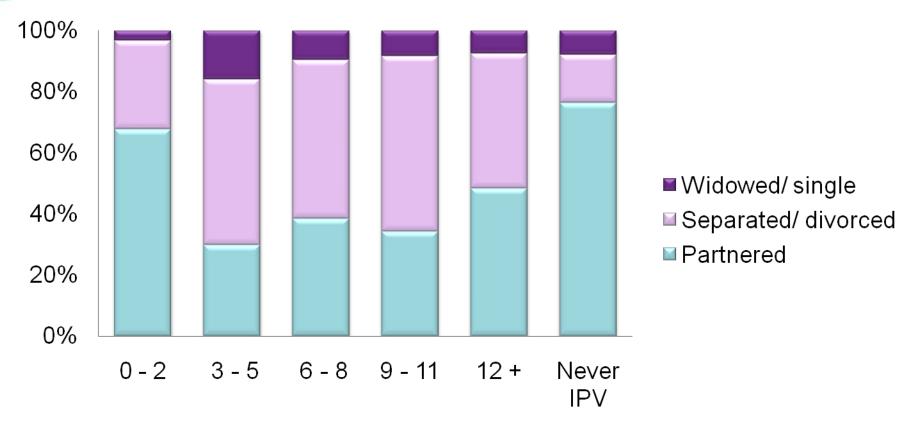
Age	Ever experienced IPV (%)
45-50 years	12.9
47-52 years	13.9
50-55 years	14.4
53-58 years	14.7
56-61 years	15.0

 10 315 women who completed Survey 5

 Adjusted for oversampling in rural/remote areas



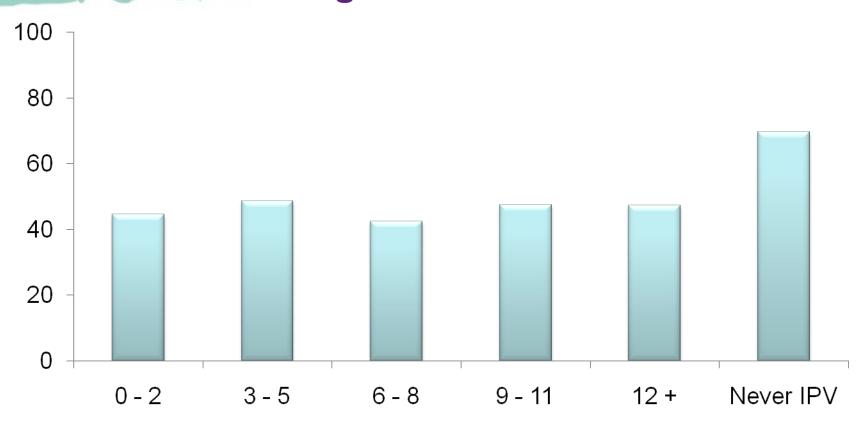
Characteristics and time since IPV: Relationship status



Years since IPV



Characteristics and time since IPV: Percentage of women able to manage on their income

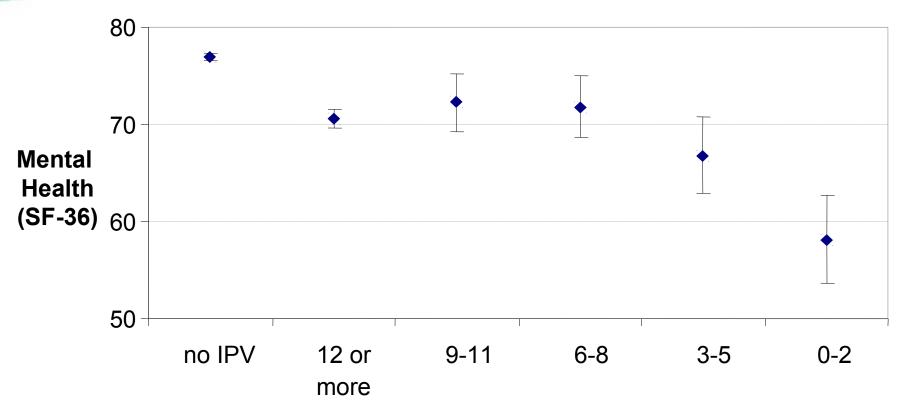


Years since IPV



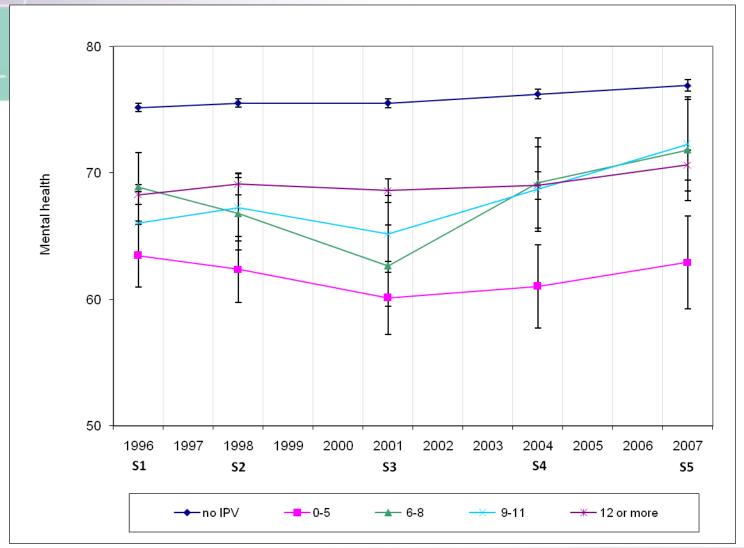


Mental health in 2007 and time since IPV

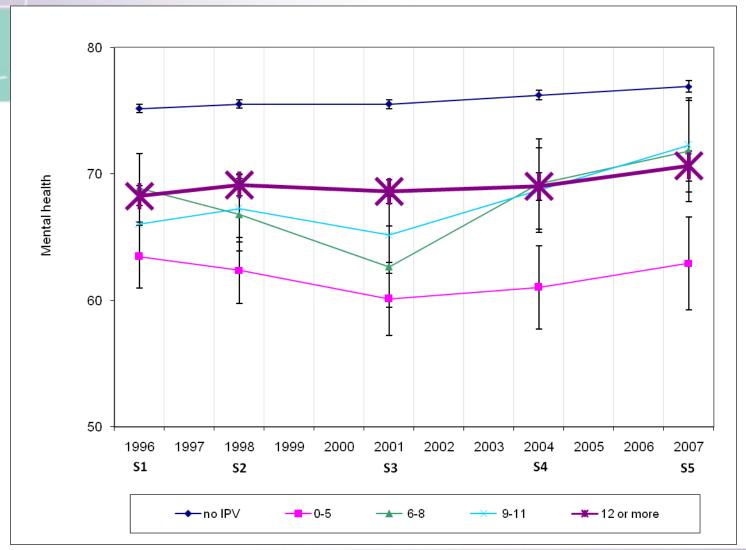


Years since IPV

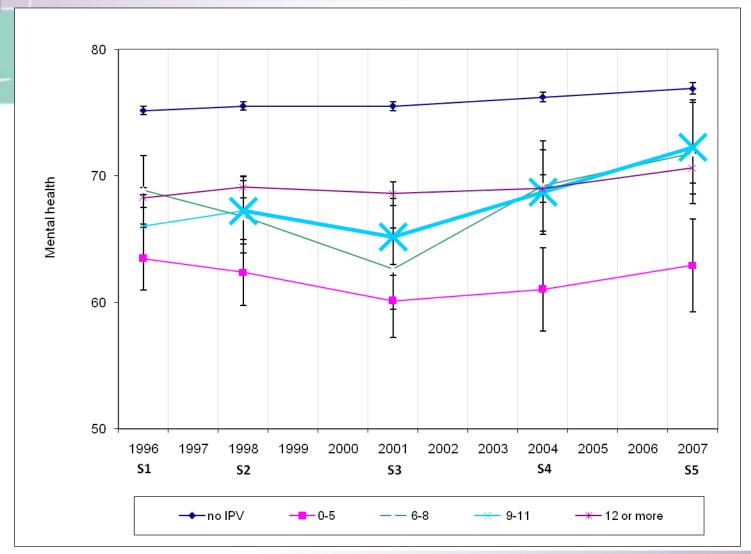




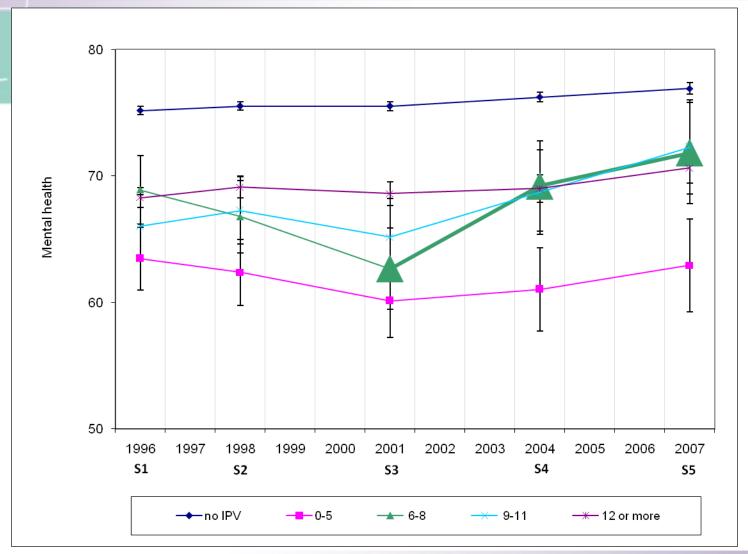




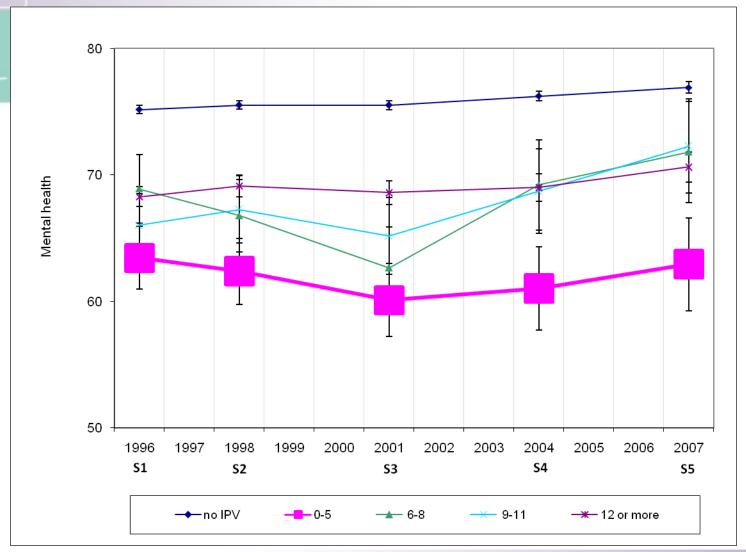




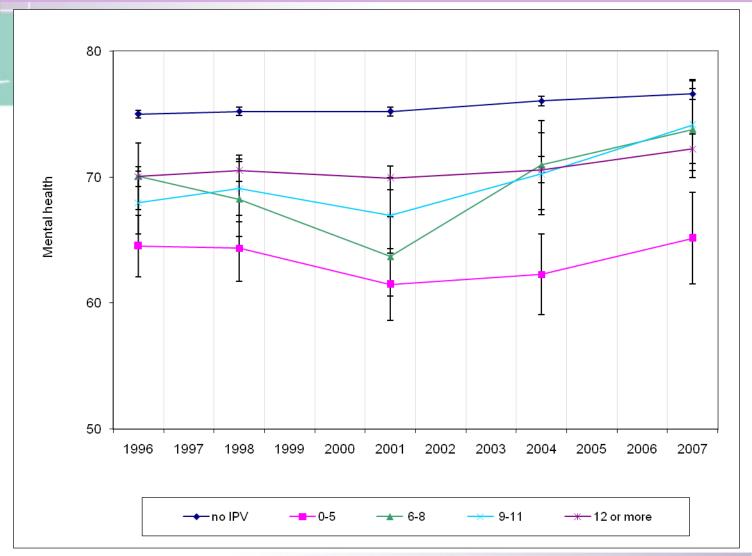






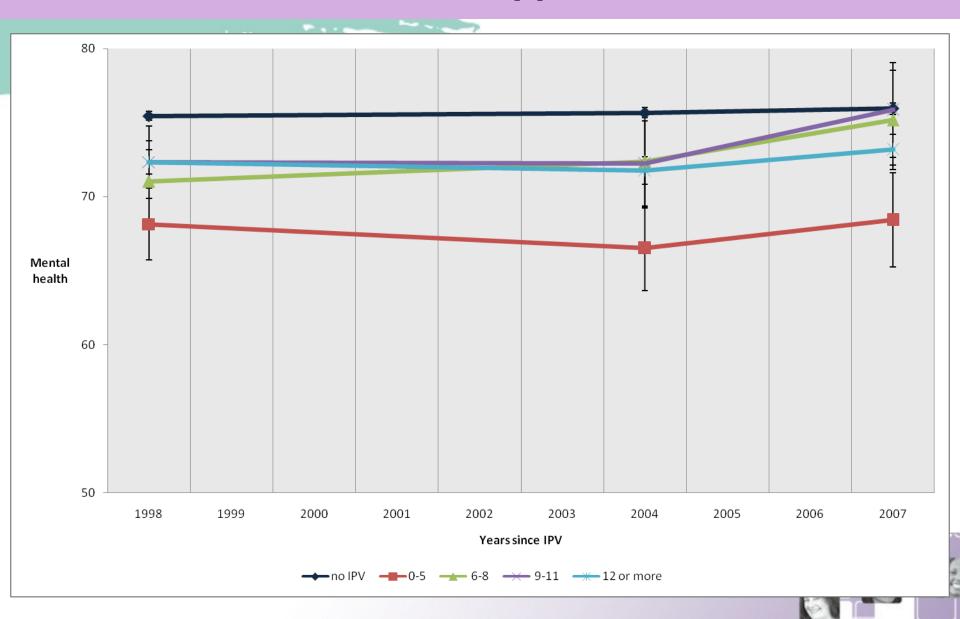








Mental health adjusted for demographics & social support





Limitations and strengths

- Measure of IPV
- Self report
- Before 1996?
- Severity

- National community based sample
- Longitudinal data





- Women's mental health does improve after partner violence ceases
- The improvement happens over many years
- Demographics impact on mental health and on improvement of mental health
- Social support impacts on mental health and is a key variable in recovery from intimate partner violence

